IN COUNTY GOVERNMENT THE ROLE OF THE COUNTY CLERK

An Overview Presentation for House of Representatives
Local Government Committee

DUTIES OF THE CLERK

- The Clerks Office is one of the most by 596 statutes, which fall into four major diversified in county government, governed divisions
- Clerk to the Board of Commissioners
- Clerk of the Circuit Court
- Registrar of Vital Statistics
- Chief Election Official for the County

Clerk to the Board of Commissioners

- Attend every Board meeting in which a quorum is present
- Record and maintain the official minutes of each Board of Commissioner's regular, special and executive session meetings
- Depending on county size, County Clerks may be:

Preparing Board agendas and Board packets Corresponding on the Board's behalf

Boards have the ability to affect change within the office of the Clerk by:

Combining the office of Clerk with the Register of Deeds

35 of the 83 counties have combined Clerk/Register

Delegating statutory duties to the Controller or Finance/Accounting office:

- Maintaining the General Ledger
- Accounts Payable
- Payroll & Human Resources

Clerk of the Circuit Court

File and maintain all Circuit Court files

Civil claims over \$25,000

Felonies

Domestic Relations

Divorce, Paternity, Custody

PPO's (Personal Protection Orders)

aggregating the responsibilities that Circuit and Probate Courts Beginning Jan. 1, 1998 the Legislature created the "Family Court", traditionally handled separately.

in Probate Court, such as: Depending on how Courts have written their Family Court plans, many Clerks now maintain Family Court files that were traditionally handled

Adoptions, Name Changes, Cases involving Juveniles, Guardianship of Minors and Dependant/Neglect cases

Clerk of the Circuit Court cont.

- Collect all Court Ordered Fees:
- Fines, Costs and Restitution
- Clerks transmit monies collected to the State, the County and Victims
- Clerks are statutorily required to attend every session of Circuit Court
- The Court function is very cumbersome, hence the function majority of the clerk's staff is assigned to the Court
- Clerk to the Jury Board

Maintain all Jury Records

Perform various duties based on county size

Registrar of Vital Statistics

- Record and maintain all Vital Statistics occurring in the county
- **Birth Certificates**
- Death Certificates
- Marriage Certificates
- Military Discharges
- Assumed Names Certificates or DBA's

Notary Bonds

Registrar of Vital Statistics cont.

Concealed Pistol Licenses

The County Clerk is the access point for your constituents to obtain a Concealed Pistol License

applications, attends every meeting of the Gun Board, keeps all official minutes and ultimately issues permits to those applicants The Clerk accepts all CPL (Concealed Pistol License) that are approved.

A permanent file is kept on each applicant

The Michigan Association of County Clerks have been working County Clerks, it can be smoothly implemented. eliminate Gun Boards and transfer the duties to MSP and the with Senator Green on SB 34 so that, should the bill be enacted to

Chief Election Official

- The County Clerk is the Chief Election Official and presides over every election held within the County
- 4 election dates per year: February, May, August and November
- Responsible for:
- Accepting candidate filings
- Programming voting equipment
- Testing coding on the ballots and machines
- Preparing and ordering the printing of all ballots
- Distributing ballots to all local jurisdictions
- Maintaining all campaign finance reports
- Training of all election inspectors
- Tabulation of election results

Clerk of the Board of Canvassers

- to review, audit and certify all local election results The County Clerk attends all meetings of the Board of Canvassers
- Clerks maintains all minutes and keep a permanent record of all official election results
- Clerk oversees and manages all recounts conducted in county

County Election Commission

- Duties are to:
- Proof all ballots prior to printing
- Approve all precinct consolidations and polling location changes
- Conduct Clarity Hearings when recall wording has been filed

Election Consolidation and Coordinating Committees

County Clerks serve as the Election Coordinator for school districts, community colleges and intermediate school districts

- Must draft agreements every 4 years between the districts and all of the local units of government that the districts fall into; even townships and cities that fall outside of the County.
- Consolidation is complicated because of "splits" in precincts due state senate, state house and county commissioner districts; as to the irregularity of school district boundaries; congressional, well as village boundaries.

Additional Election Related Responsibilities

Qualified Voter File

(State-wide voter registration system which is tied to the drivers license file)

Depending on the County's size, and the size of their local units, County Clerks may be maintaining the Voter Registration and Street Index files for their local

Electronic Poll Books

(Laptop computers in the voting precincts that contain the list of voters)

Again, depending on the County's and local units size, Clerks may be working election day, as well as uploading voter history in QVF following elections voters get the proper ballots and are assigned to the proper voting precincts on within the global geography of the QVF to indentify voters to ensure that all

Post Election Audits

Random audits of voting precincts, as well as the functions performed by the local clerks prior to election day

Current Voting Technology

- In 2004 Secretary of State, Terry Lynn Land, designated Optical Scan as the state-wide system for Michigan
- allocated funds for States to improve voting technology Under HAVA (Help America Vote Act) the Federal Government
- Optical Scan voting system were implemented beginning in 2004
- AutoMARK's (marking devices to help visually disabled voters mark their ballots) were installed in every precinct in 2006

New Voting Equipment Needed

- Current Voting Systems are 10 years old and in need of
- Funding is needed from the Legislature to assist local units of government in the purchase of new equipment

County Clerk Outreach

- Duties of Clerks are very diversified
- Clerks offices are cumbersome in comparison to any other elected office
- Clerks interact with nearly all county offices
- Clerks work very closely with Board of Commissioners; of government, in and outside of their county; school districts; community colleges and intermediate schools districts County Administrators; Circuit & Probate Judges; local units
- Many clerks provide additional services to constituents such as processing passport applications
- Clerk outreach is very widespread and customer service oriented

Future Legislative Goals Statute Revisions Needed and

- Of the 596 statutes that govern the office of clerk, many are outdated and in need of revision or repealing
- Currently on the forefront:
- Reasonable legal notice reform is needed on statutes such as MCL 129.32 for the deposit of public funds. which calls for clerks to biennially send notices to banks soliciting sealed bids

2015 Legislative Goals:

Appropriation for new voting equipment

Align three election dates: March, August & November

a write-in for another office Prohibit a person who is appearing on the ballot from also filing as

the election instead of filing election day. Moving the precinct delegate write-in deadline to the Friday before